A new CrossRef Service built on metadata

Database DOI Registration at CrossRef

• My two-bits*

*"to express one's unsolicited opinion for whatever it is worth," *The American Heritage Dictionary of Idioms*

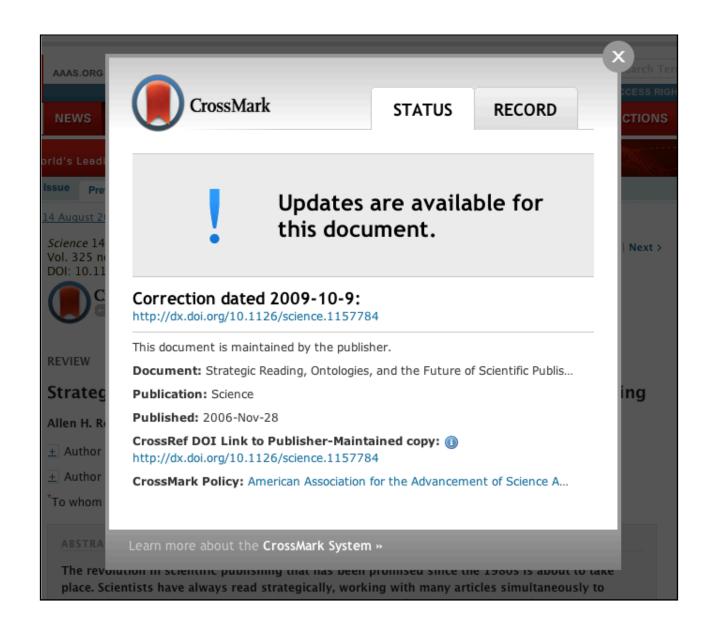
An Application built on metadata and DOIs:

CrossMark

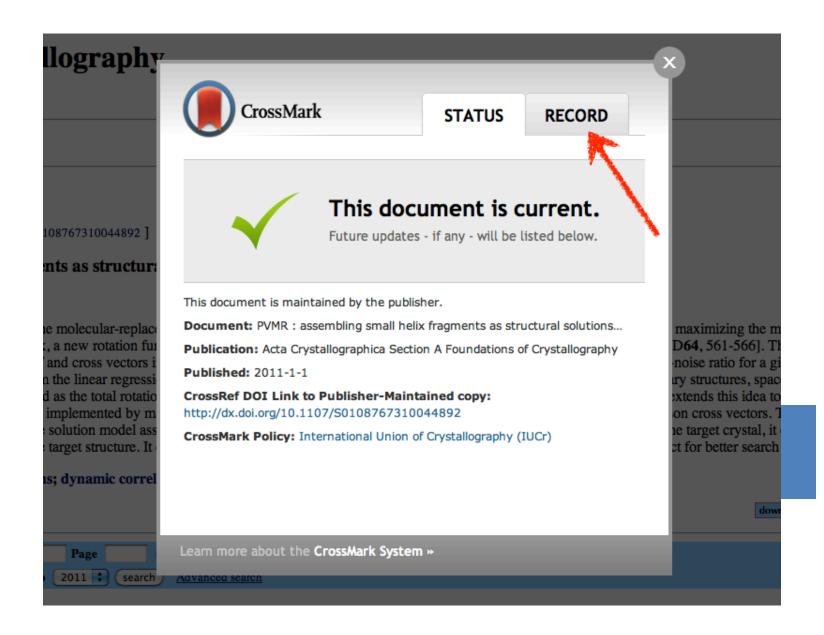




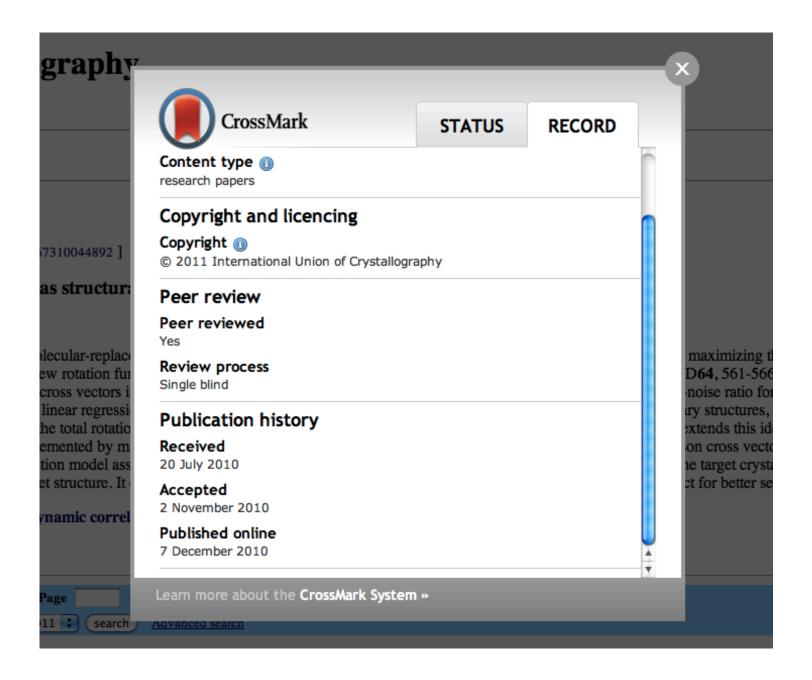




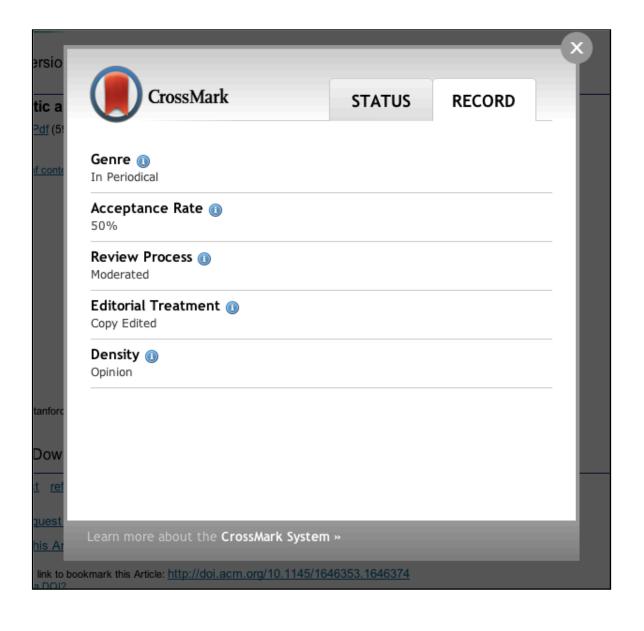














Uniform way to model the data

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Uniform way to find and display the data



Common infrastructure

<script type="text/javascript" src="http://crossmark.crossref.org/javascripts/crossmark.min.js">

Building on CrossMark:

FundRef

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Funding Agency

Agency: National Science Foundation

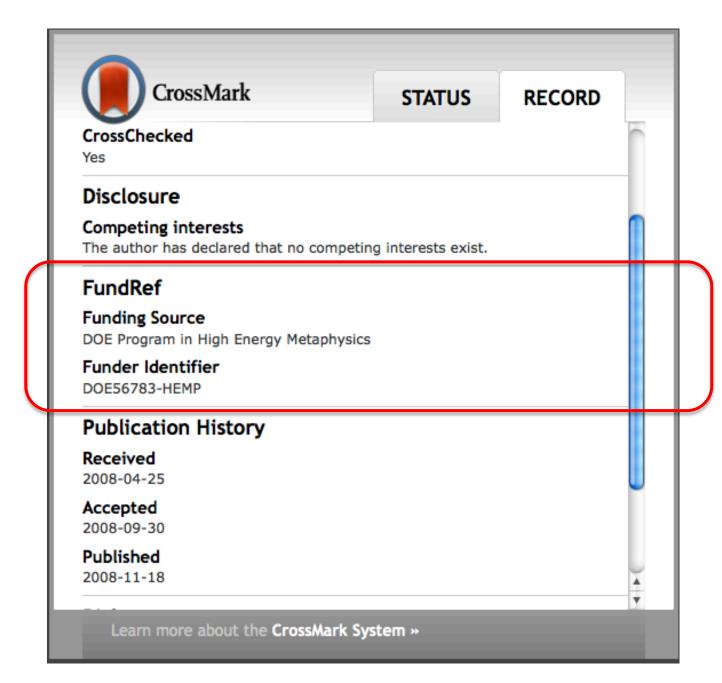
Grant Number:

GrossFund Funding Agency ×

AST-XXX-XX-XXXX

Articles Published With this Grant:

| Title | DOI | Publisher |
|--|--|-----------|
| Design of a Tri-Modal Multi-Threshold CMOS Switch With Application to
Data Retentive Power Gating | http://dx.doi.org/10.1109/TVLS1.2010.2102054 | IEEE |
| Tip geometry effects in dopant profiling by scanning microwave microscopy | http://dx.doi.org/10.1063/1.3686748 | AIP |



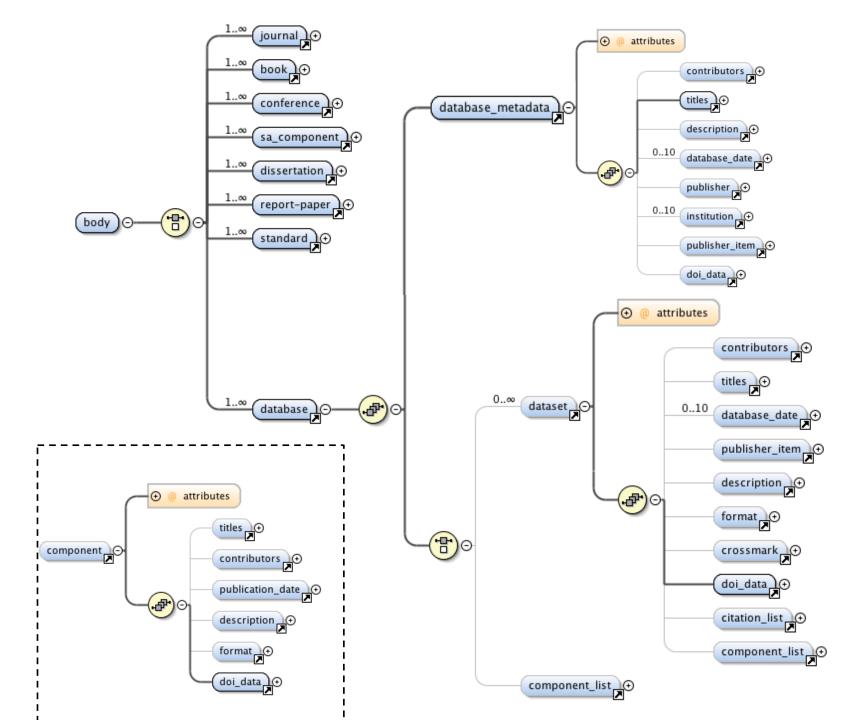
FundRef Workflow Overview

- Submission of grant information by author at time of peerreview submission
 - Authors pick from a normalized list
- Upload of grant data to CrossRef system by the publisher
- Display grant information on publisher's online library site
- Identify related papers by funding source



Metadata accepted by CrossRef

Publication types



status

Status Page: Updated on Apr 30, 2012

| MetaData Deposit | |
|--|-------------|
| Total Records in Database | 53,823,307 |
| Total Prefixes | 2,647 |
| Number of Journals | 27,751 |
| Number of Books | 290,000 |
| Number of Conference Proceedings | 22,994 |
| Number of Journal DOIs | 44,961,060 |
| Number of Book DOIs | 4,975,635 |
| Number of Conference DOIs | 2,865,040 |
| Number of Components | 591,396 |
| Number of Articles with References Deposited | 17,454,698 |
| Number of Cited-By Links | 290,207,485 |
| Number of DOIs with at least one cited-by link | 22,625,168 |
| Number of Title Level DOIs | 662,449 |

Database titles: 178

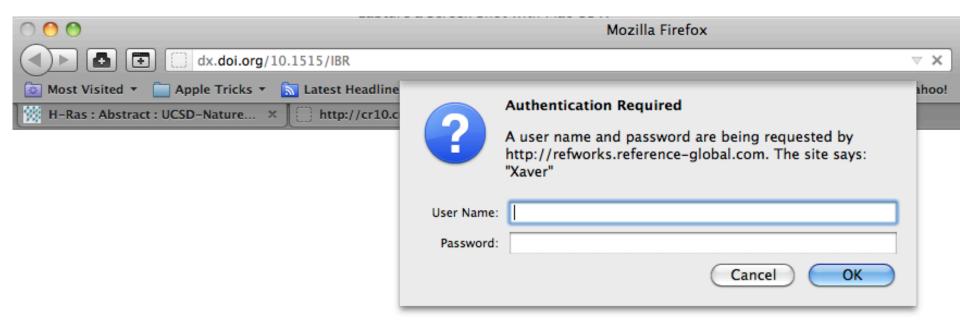
Database items: 101,780 (we call then datasets)

Don't do this (16 DOIs)

DataBase DOI examples: Metadata, not so good

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DataBase DOI examples: URL landing page, not so good



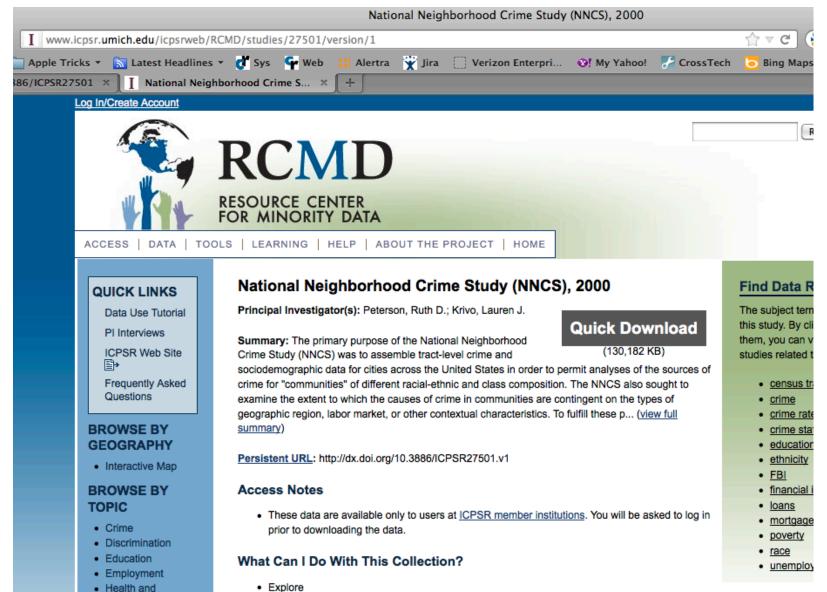
Database DOIs, nice example (16,346 DOIs)

DataBase DOI examples: Metadata, VERY good

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DataBase DOI examples: URL landing page, VERY good

Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research



View study description

Well-BeingHistory

Housing

URL landing page for the database (another one)



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Data-Driven Learning Guide

Goal & Concept | Dataset |

Application

Interpretation & Summary

Bibliography

Acculturation

Goal & Concept

Goal

The goal of this module is to explore the assimilation and separation/ethnic competition models of acculturation. Crosstabulation will be used.

Concept

Acculturation is the process whereby the norms, values, attitudes, and behaviors of people from one culture are modified as a result of contact with a different culture. Although acculturation is usually in the direction of a minority group adopting habits and language patterns of the dominant or host society, acculturation can be reciprocal--that is, the dominant group also adopts patterns typical of the minority group.

Researchers have proposed several models of acculturation, including assimilation (whereby immigrants gradually lose their original cultural identity and become more like the dominant group), and separation or ethnic competition (whereby immigrants value their culture of origin and strive to preserve their ethnic/cultural identity, beliefs, and practices).

Studies have shown that acculturation has wide-ranging effects on immigrants' lives on several levels: psychologically, socio-culturally, and economically. For example, from a health perspective, research shows that high levels of acculturation are associated with increased smoking and drug use, as well as increased rates of certain types of cancer. From an economic standpoint, immigrants' income tends to rise as they become more acculturated. Feelings of political trust also are influenced by acculturation: research suggests that as immigrants become more integrated into US society, they become more cynical about American government.

Examples of possible research questions about acculturation:

- How does acculturation affect immigrants' socio-economic status?
- How does acculturation affect immigrants' mental and physical health?
- Does exposure to American mass media promote acculturation? Conversely, does exposure to ethnic mass media encourage immigrants to retain their cultural identity?
- Can immigrants maintain both a high acceptance of American cultural values, and a high affinity for their ethnic cultural identity?
- Does one's age at the time of immigration influence the extent and the speed of the acculturation process?
- What factors promote or hinder acculturation?
- What influence does acculturation have on immigrants' social and political attitudes?

Goal & Concept - Dataset - Application - Interpretation & Summary - Bibliography

CITATION: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research. Acculturation: A Data-Driven Learning Guide. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2009-04-16. doi:10.3886/acculturation

URL landing page for the database



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Data-Driven Learning Guide

Goal & Concept | Dataset | Application Interpretation & Summary **Bibliography**

Aging and Social Integration

Goal & Concept

The goal of this exercise is to explore the ways in which age, social integration, and well-being are related. Crosstabulation and comparison of means will be used.

Concept

Goal

Well-being at older ages is of major concern to social scientists, and social integration appears to play a key role in well-being.

Social integration can be generally understood as the presence of strong social ties, or roles, which connect individuals with other individuals or groups. For this exercise, social integration will be operationalized two ways: living alone or with others and community participation.

Researchers define well-being in many ways, including dimensions of physical, psychological, and social health. In the study of aging, psychological and social well-being are often measured using self-rated life satisfaction, measures of happiness, or series of questions measuring depression. This exercise will focus on a dimension of well-being related to social integration; feelings of loneliness.

Examples of possible research questions about aging, social integration, and well-being:

- Are older adults more or less likely to be socially integrated than others?
- Which age groups are most likely to live alone?
- · Which age groups are most likely to volunteer or participate in community organizations?
- . Do people who live alone experience loneliness more often than others?
- · Do older adults who participate in the community experience less loneliness than those who do not participate?

Goal & Concept - Dataset - Application - Interpretation & Summary - Bibliography

CITATION: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research, Aging and Social Integration: A Data-Driven Learning Guide, Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research, Aging and Social Integration: A Data-Driven Learning Guide, Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research, Aging and Social Integration: A Data-Driven Learning Guide, Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research, Aging and Social Res Research [distributor], 2009-04-16, Doi:10.3886/agingintegration



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Identifier relationships

(47,199 DOIs)



BETTER POLICIES FOR BETTER LIVES



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About OECD StatLink



What is it?

OECD's StatLink is an electronic publishing solution that enables links between publications, whether they are in print or e-book format, and the underlying data in MS Excel spreadsheets. StatLink uses the Digital Object Identifier technology (DOI) which is an emerging international standard for identifying published material on line.

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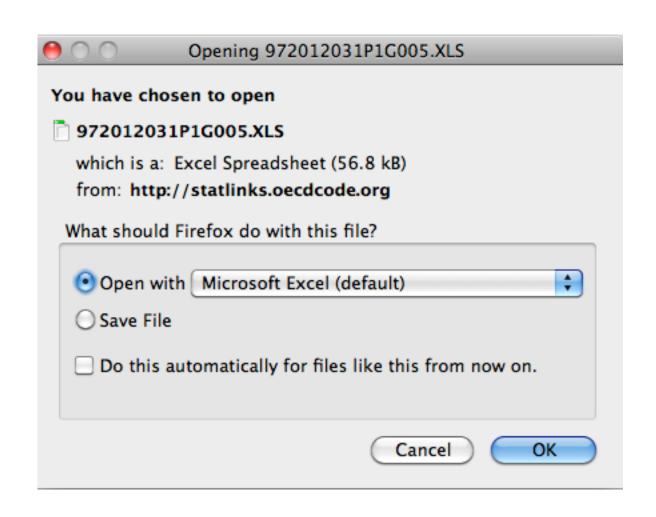
"I have accessed the Web book for the OECD STI Scoreboard - it is wonderful to be able to see the numbers behind the charts!!" - (Policy Adviser, Australia)

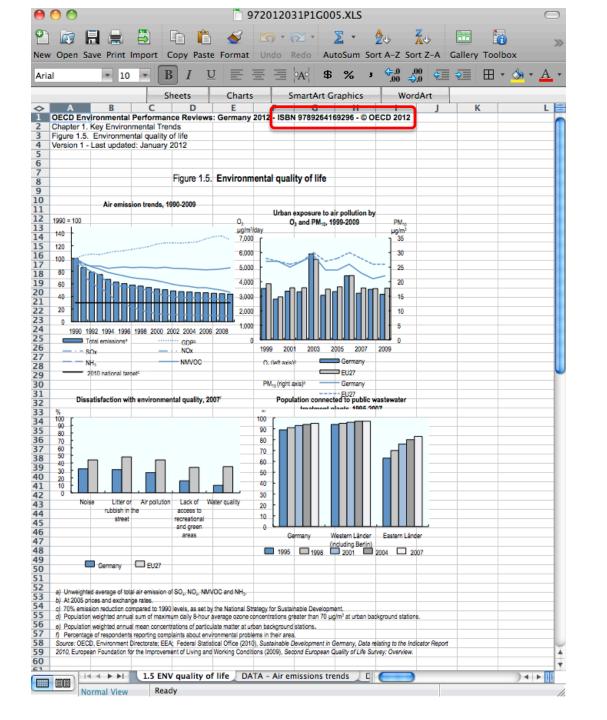
"The Web book edition is great. It is extremely useful to be able to access the data in Excel. Well done!" - (Scoreboard user in the UK)

"This is the best service I have found for a long time." - (A user at the University of Tampere, Finland)

OECD Statlinks

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1 von 845

■ OECD Environmental Performance Reviews: Germany 2012

Herausgeber: Organisation für wirtschaftliche Zusammenarbeit und Entwicklung (OECD)

Preis: € 50,00

Themenbereich: Uno-Verlag

Institution: Organisation für wirtschaftliche Zusammenarbeit und

Entwicklung (OECD)
Erscheinungsjahr: 2012
Umfang: 158 Seiten
ISBN: 9789264169296

Bestellmenge: 1

Artikelnummer: 391004482

(Preis inkl. gesetzlicher Mehrwertst. zuzüglich Versandkosten)

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Beschreibung

The OECD Environmental Performance Review Programme provides independent assessments of countries' progress in achieving their domestic and international environmental policy commitments, together with policy relevant recommendations. They are conducted to promote peer learning, to enhance countries' accountability to each other and to the public, and to improve governments' environmental performance, individually and collectively. The Reviews are supported by a broad range of economic and environmental data. Each cycle of the Environmental Performance Reviews covers all OECD member countries and selected partner countries. The most recent reviews include: Israel (2011), Slovak Republic (2011), Norway (2011) and Portugal (2011).

This report is the third OECD review of Germany's environmental performance. It evaluates progress towards sustainable development and green growth, with a focus on policies that promote environmental innovation and tackle climate change.

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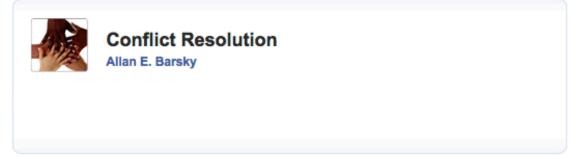
FAQ

Guided Tour

Sign in







Introduction

Conflict resolution (CR) may be defined as any process used to manage, determine, or settle differences that may arise among individuals, families, groups, organizations, communities, nations, or any other social unit. Social conflict may arise because of perceived differences in relation to values, needs, goals, interests, rights, positions, or wishes. Many social work roles require the use of conflict management methods, including negotiation, mediation, advocacy, group facilitation, family group conferencing, healing circles, and evaluation. Although social workers incorporate conflict resolution skills in virtually all contexts of practice, advanced conflict resolution theory, strategies, and skills have only been incorporated into the literature of relatively few contexts of practice, for instance, social advocacy, family and divorce mediation, and contracting with involuntary clients. This entry highlights the books and articles contributed by social work scholars and researchers but also includes core conflict resolution works from experts in related disciplines (especially law, management, criminal justice, psychology, and peace and justice studies).

Introductory Works

The following resources introduce the reader to key conflict resolution theories, models, skills, and

Introductory Works

The following resources introduce the reader to key conflict resolution theories, models, skills, and practice methods. Bossy 2003 provides a historical exploration of disputes and conflict resolution. Deutsch 1973 offers a classic overview of the field of conflict resolution. Deutsch, et al. 2006, Moffitt and Bordone 2005, and Sandole, et al. 2009 provide the most comprehensive analyses of conflict resolution theory and current practices.

Barsky, Allan E. 2007. Conflict resolution for the helping professions. 2d ed. Belmont, CA: Thomson Brooks/Cole.

E-mail Citation »

Introduces students to four basic approaches to conflict resolution—power, rights, interests, and transformation—demonstrating how these approaches can be applied in a broad range of social work contexts. Skills inventories and experiential exercises provide students with the opportunity to put theory into practice.

Bossy, John, ed. 2003. Disputes and settlements: Law and human relations in the West. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge Univ. Press.

E-mail Citation »

This compilation of essays provides historical, anthropological, legal, and religious perspectives on social conflict and dispute resolution from the 6th to 19th centuries in England, Scotland, Ireland, and France.

Deutsch, Morton. 1973. The resolution of conflict. New Haven, CT: Yale Univ. Press.

E-mail Citation »

Provides one of the earliest and most comprehensive analyses of the nature of conflict and factors that contribute to constructive or destructive resolution. This oft-cited text provides a typology of conflict and—of particular significance to social workers—examines how people with less power can use nonviolent means to persuade people with greater power and to promote social justice.



-->

Metadata and Persistent Identifiers are complementary ingredients in the world of digital object management, making it possible to find, reuse, reference, cite and link digital content.

... how is best practice ensured in the framework of existing systems

REFERENCES Top

- Sereno PC (1997) The origin and evolution of dinosaurs. Ann Rev Earth Planet Sci 25: 435–489. <u>FIND THIS</u>
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- Weishampel DB, Dodson P, Osmólska H (2004) The Dinosauria. 2nd ed. Berkeley: University of California Press. 861
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- Bonaparte JF (1976) Pisanosaurus mertii Casamiquela and the origin of the Ornithischia. J Paleontol 50: 808–820.
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- Báez AM, Marsicano CA (2001) A heterodontosaurid ornithischian dinosaur from the Upper Triassic of Patagonia.
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- Butler RJ, Smith RMH, Norman DB (2007) A primitive ornithischian dinosaur from the Late Triassic of South Africa, and the early evolution and diversification of Ornithischia. Proc Roy Soc B 274: 2041–2046. <u>FIND THIS ARTICLE</u> ONLINE

CrossMark had the luxury of an established metadata infrastructure upon which to build a service AND the commitment of an organization with a well defined objective.

- The identifier is just a tool used by the infrastructure
 - The meta-data IS the data



metadata and identifiers are important

but, it is the systems that make them useful